



Teaching Heart Failure: A Step-by-Step Plan to Boost Student Retention

 Includes versions for EMT & Paramedic classrooms

 Visualize this: A heart split down the middle—one side strong, one side failing.

♦ This class plan includes:

 Video prompts

 Analogies

 Active learning games

 Assessment strategies

Intro for the Educator

 Why This Matters:

Too often, heart failure is taught as a **list of signs and symptoms**. But to recognize it in the field, students need to **understand** what's actually happening inside the heart.


That means starting with the *why*, not just the *what*.

 Teaching Strategy Highlight:

This plan is designed to move students through a retention-building flow:


 **Concept → Connection → Clinical Application**

We use:

 Short videos to introduce physiology

 Analogies to simplify complex concepts

 Games to reinforce learning

 Scenarios to link it to prehospital care

EMT-Level Class Plan

Heart Failure Basics & Why It Happens


Learning Objective:

“Explain the basic function of the heart and identify what happens when the heart begins to fail.”


Quick Physiology Intro (5–7 min)


 **Video Prompt:** [Pathophysiology of Heart Failure](#)

 **Discussion Prompt:** “What happens if the ventricle gets weak or stiff?”

 **Analogy:** “The heart is like a water pump—if it weakens, pressure backs up in the system.”

What Is Heart Failure? (10 min)

 Sketch Left vs. Right heart failure with arrows for backup and symptoms.

 **Signs/Symptoms Game:** Use a matching game or Kahoot:

- JVD
- Crackles
- Pedal edema
- Pink frothy sputum




(Students guess which side of the heart is failing)


EMT Relevance (10 min)

 **Scenario Prompt:**

“You walk in, your patient is sitting upright, gasping for air. Legs are swollen. What are you thinking?”

 **Action Plan:**

- Position upright 
- Apply oxygen 
- Recognize CHF → Transport 
- Monitor vitals, prep for worsening

 *This connects the physiology to the real-world*

Paramedic-Level Class Plan


Topic: Understanding Ventricular Dysfunction & Clinical Implications

Learning Objective:

“Describe the pathophysiology of left and right-sided heart failure and relate it to clinical presentation and management.”

Deeper Physiology (10 min)

 **Video Prompt:** [Use a visual explaining preload, contractility, and afterload.](#)

 **Class Discussion:** “How does ↓ ejection fraction affect stroke volume?”

 **Patho Build:**

Concept map:

↓ Contractility → ↓ Cardiac Output → ↑ Preload → Pulmonary congestion

Systolic vs. Diastolic dysfunction (10–15 min)

 **Whiteboard Compare & Contrast:**

- Systolic vs. Diastolic dysfunction
- EF < 40% vs. EF preserved

 **Group Activity:**

Give short patient cases—students decide which type of failure it is and justify why.

Real-World Application (15 min)

 **Case Simulation:**

[68 y/o with orthopnea, rales, + hypertension](#)

 **Prompt:**

“What meds are they likely on?”

What do you expect for vitals?

How does CPAP help?”

 **Treatment Focus:**

- Oxygenation
- Preload reduction (nitro if in scope)
- Diuretics (mention only, unless in scope)
- Monitoring & rapid transport